



# Location Powers; Our Urban Environment

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## Semantic 3D Model based Solution for Smart Cities in China

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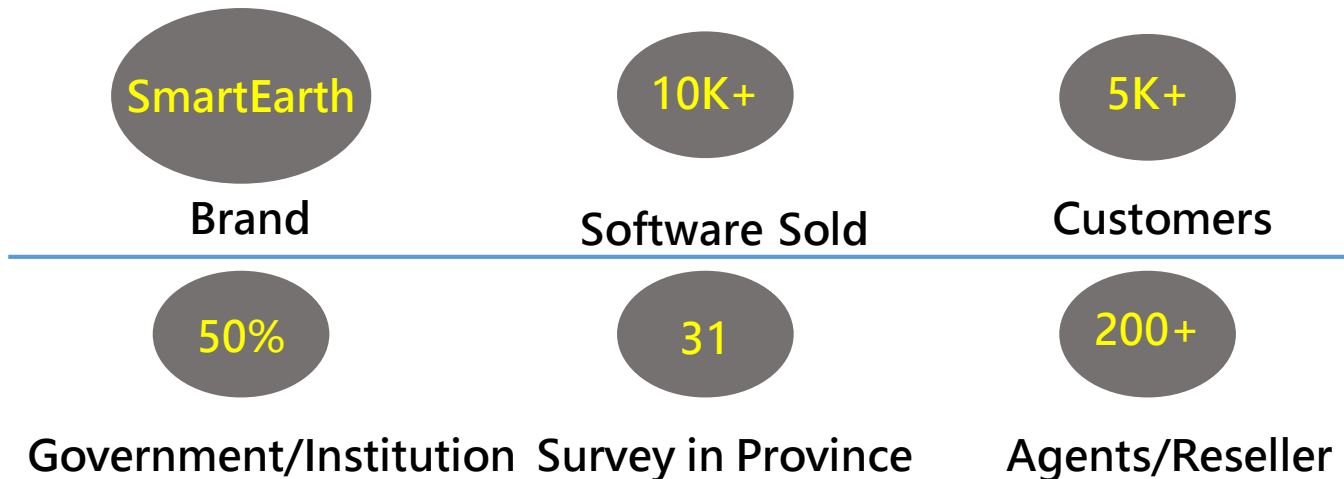


## Dr. Huang Dong, CTO

Graduated from University of Karlsruhe. Main interest: mobile Internet, location-based service applications, SCADA and smart factories, GIS systems and Smart City Application. Current work and research focus on real-world 3D data processing and applications, computer vision and artificial intelligence technologies in the GIS and other fields.

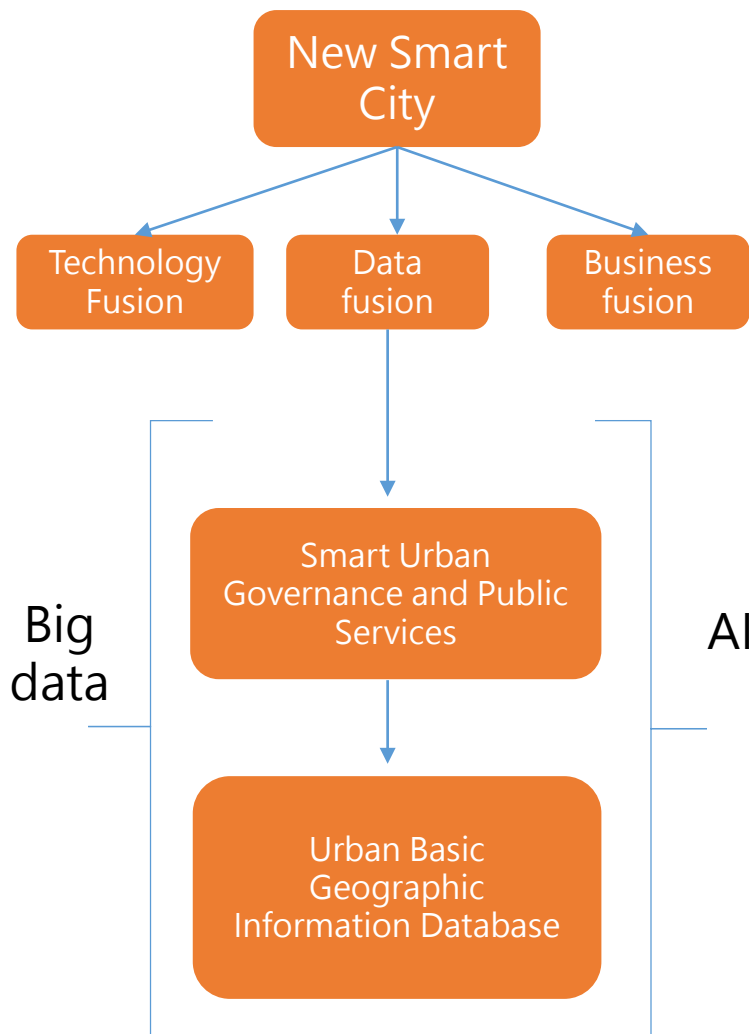
## Terra InfoTech (Beijing) Co., Ltd.

leading 3D digital earth and location service technology provider in China, dedicated to provide one-stop 3D software products services, solutions and data services.





# Background



Based on **Big Data**,  
**index a city**  
powered by **AI**



# Current Situation



## 1<sup>st</sup> Tier Cities

Beijing, Shanghai and Guangzhou has completed the data collection and modeling process of the oblique photogrammetry. Some cities have already started the classification of each building and floor. And the data semantization would be of the focus and the key technology to fuel various applications.

## Quasi 1<sup>st</sup> Tier Cities

Hangzhou has initiated the Urban Intelligent Semantic Modelling Planning.

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Tier Cities

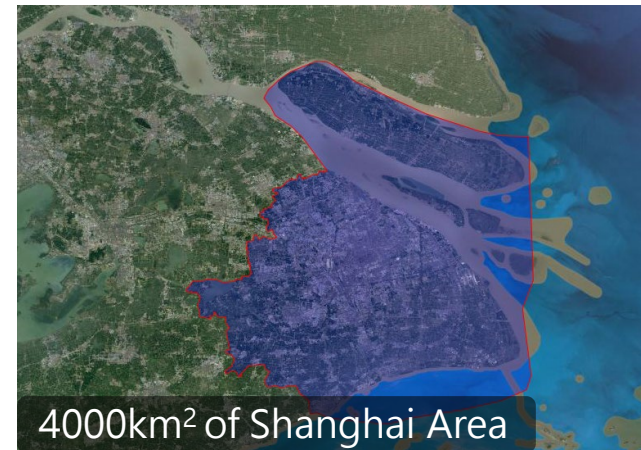
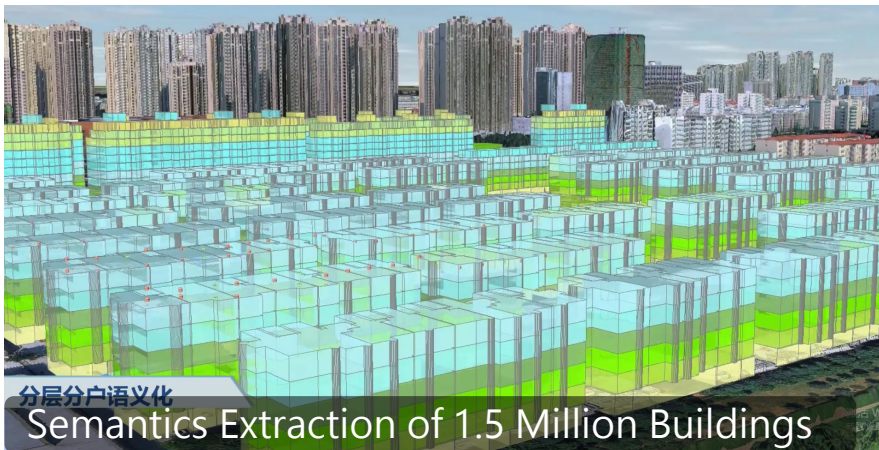
Zhengzhou has accomplished the semantic modelling pilot project of the key areas based on the oblique photogrammetry data.



# Shanghai

Shanghai is one of the leading cities in China in terms of urban management. And the “Smart Police Project” is a representative project under “Shanghai ET City Brain”, which is conducted by Shanghai Police and Alibaba Group. It requires:

- 4000 km<sup>2</sup> Mesh modelling
  - 1.5 million classified buildings
  - 30+ million floor and household classification and 3D semantic model extraction
  - Links to 100+ million sensors
- As required by Shanghai Police, we also integrate the multi-source data.





# Beijing

In 2017, Beijing Municipal Commission for City Planning and Land Resources Management has started the data generation in Beijing built-up area, covering 3600 km<sup>2</sup> in total.

## Current situation:

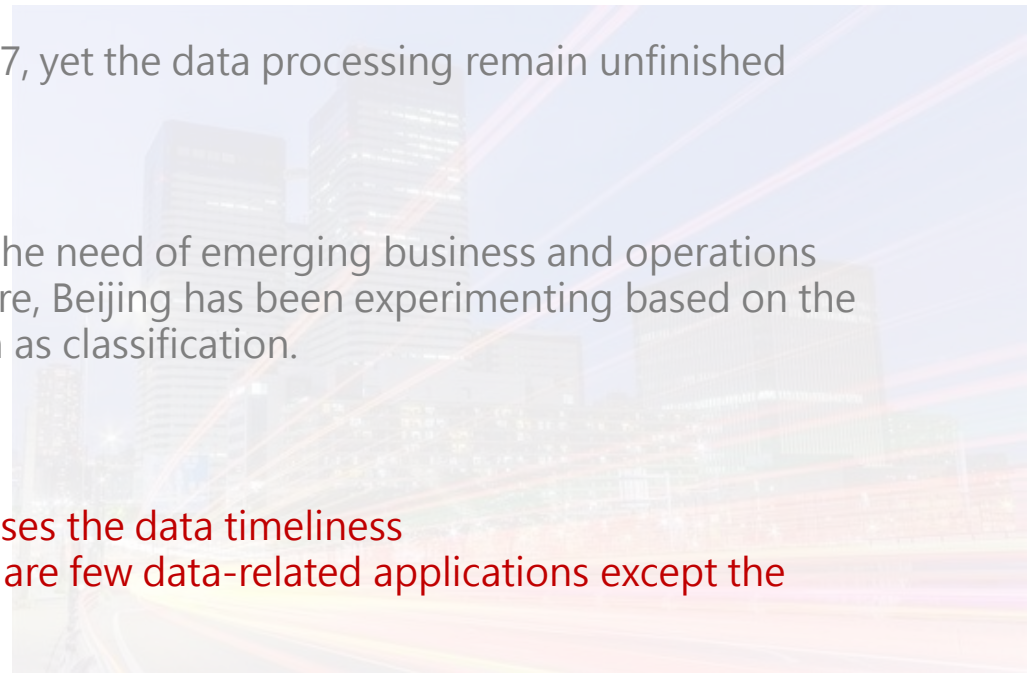
Complete the flight in October 2017, yet the data processing remain unfinished

## Next Plan:

Mesh model itself could not meet the need of emerging business and operations from various departments. Therefore, Beijing has been experimenting based on the structural semantic 3D model, such as classification.

## Problems:

1. Slow data processing: It decreases the data timeliness
2. Applications bottleneck: There are few data-related applications except the visualization of real world





# Solution



## Data Fragmentation

How to handle multitude data source?

**Multi-data Source Integration**



## Business Fragmentation

How to manage full lifecycle of business?

**Multi-business Integration**



## Knowledge Fragmentation

How to apply cross-domain industrial knowledge?

**Multi-knowledge Integration**



# Overwhelming Urban Spatial information

City operation produces enormous information



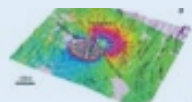
Indoor navigation



Indoor model



BIM



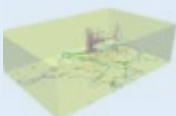
InSAR



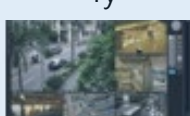
Oblique photogrammetry



AR



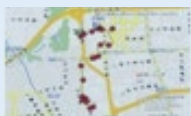
Spatio-temporal trajectory



Video Surveillance



Population activities



Cellular signal



Underground pipeline



...

80% of urban information is related to spatial geography

Transportation



Tax



Legal Person



Cellular signal



Positioning



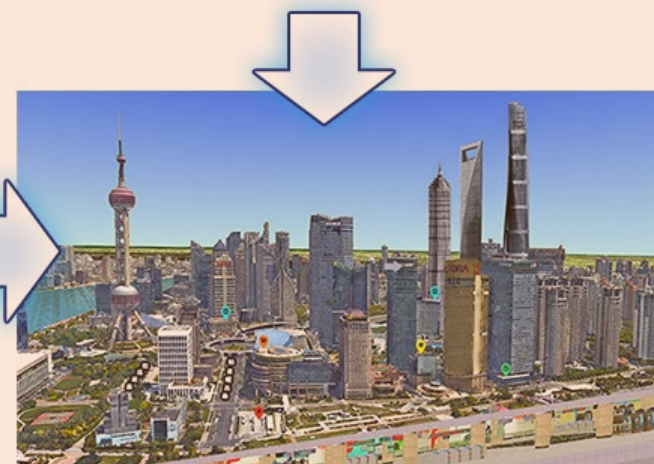
Property rights



Citizenship



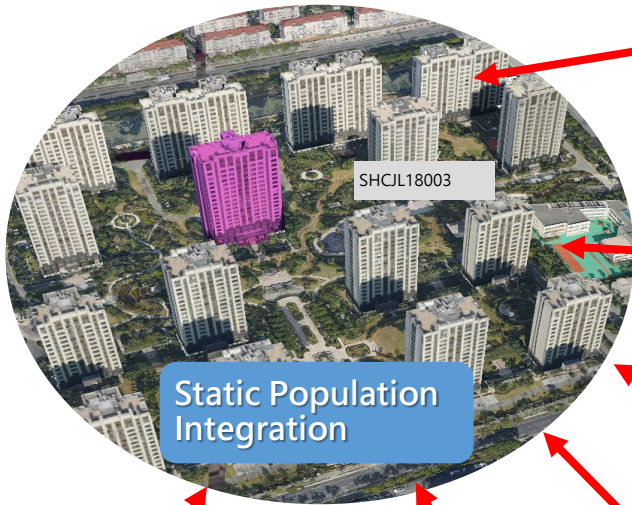
Social Security



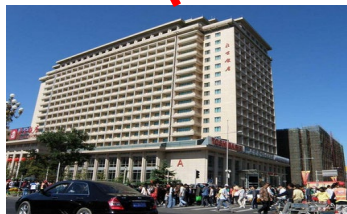




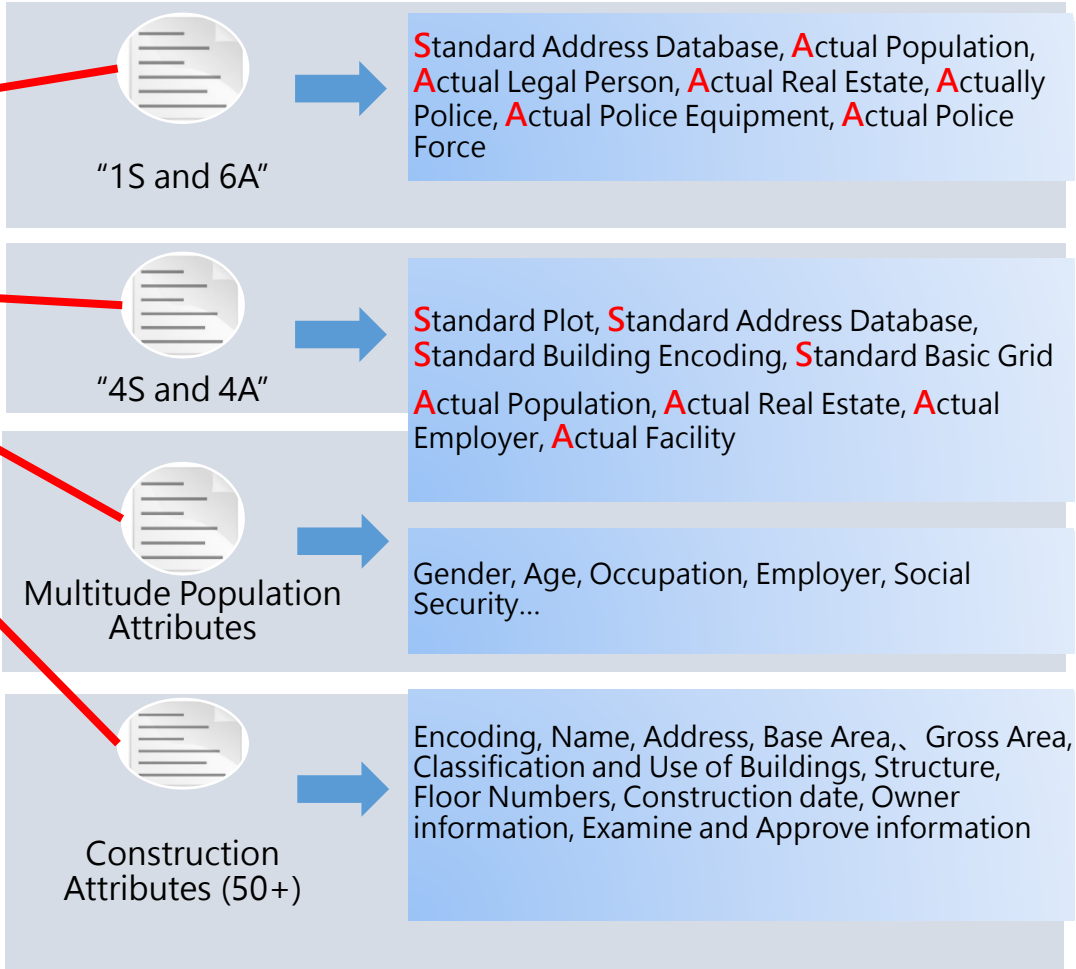
# Example: Multi-data Source Integration- Semantics Integration



3D model



Photos showing reality





# Urban Information Model Trinity

Entity Model  
Urban multi-element  
structural 3D in real  
scene

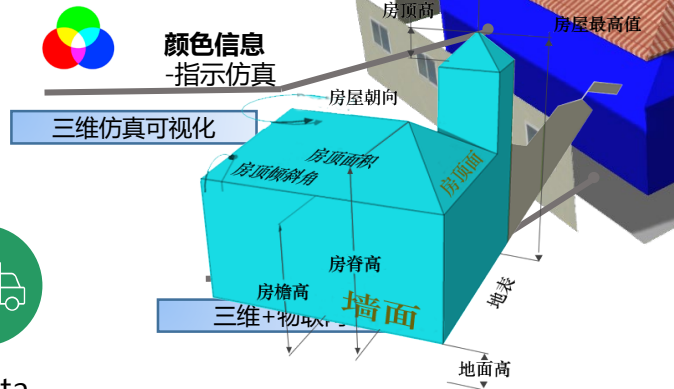
3D  
Model

Metadata  
Model

Industrial  
Data  
Index

Cloud Data  
Description Model  
Semantization of spatial  
structure logic standard

City  
Information  
Modeling



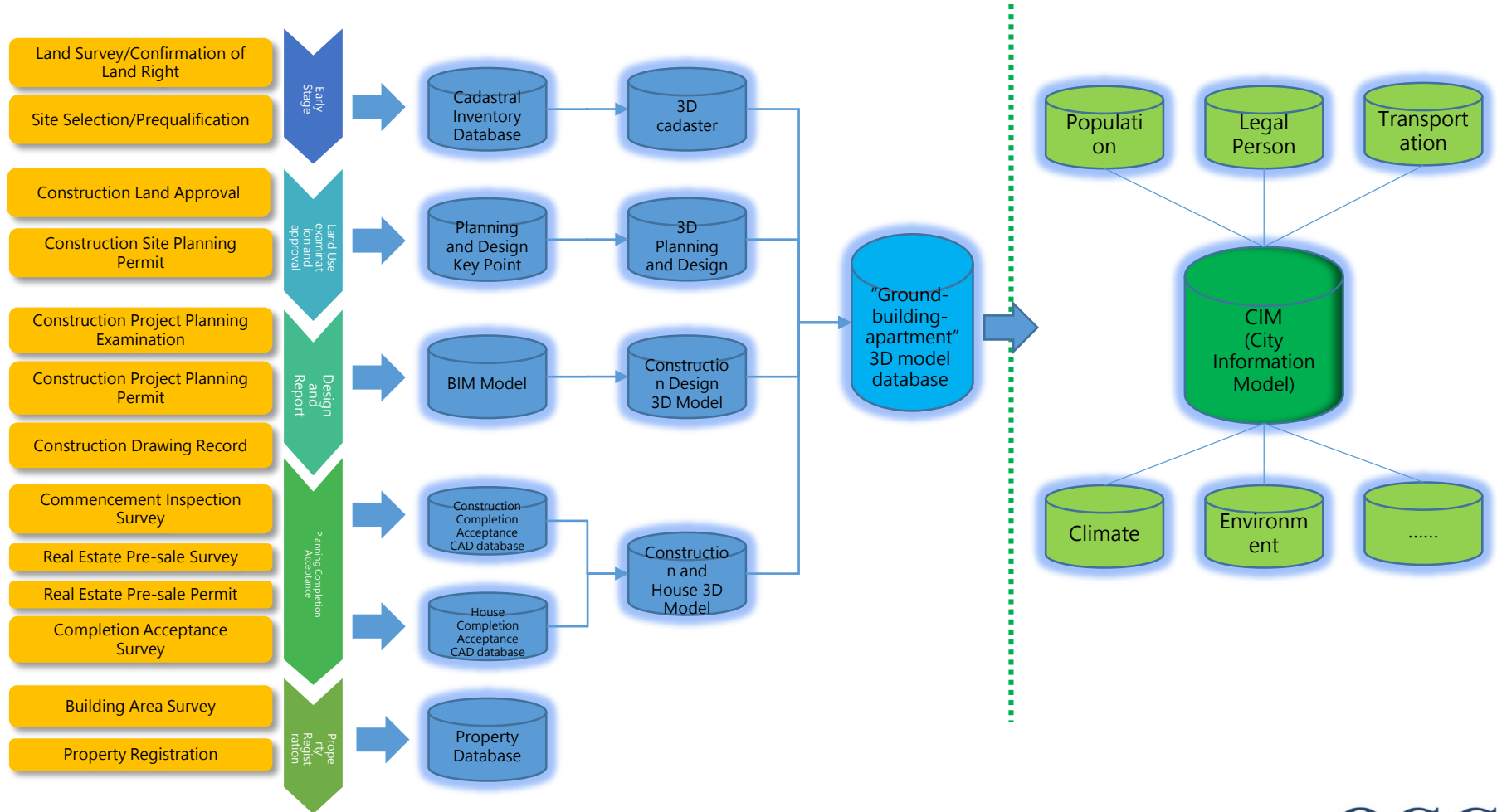
Using graph structure to  
record spatial relations

序号	内容	序号	内容
1	建筑最高房顶	15	建筑面类型
2	建筑最低房顶	16	建筑表面积
3	估算误差	17	面最低点高程
4	地面高	18	面最高点高程
5	建筑高	19	以DTM为参考的最低高程
6	建筑高参考	20	以DTM为参考的最高高程
7	建模方法	21	屋顶方向
8	房顶类型	22	屋顶角
9	房顶名称	23	建筑ID
10	房顶参考值	24	建筑面积ID
11	模型创建日期	25	建筑与建筑面组合ID
12	输入数据类型	26	建筑ID、面ID、面类型ID的组合ID
13	主要房顶类型码	27	建筑的最大建筑构件屋顶类型
14	建筑面序号		

Big Data  
Integration Tool  
Indexing each  
industry data via  
spatial data, creating  
a urban information  
organism

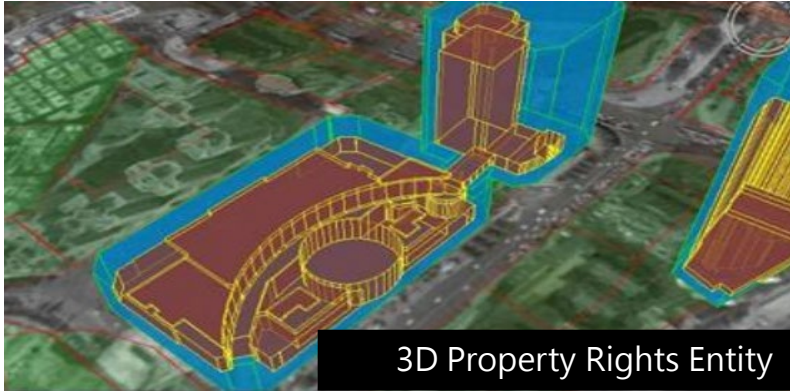


# "Ground-building-apartment" Full Lifecycle Business Integration





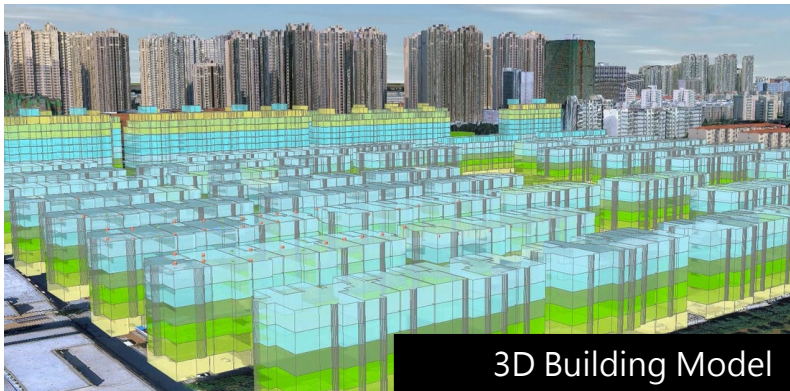
# Multi-business Integration



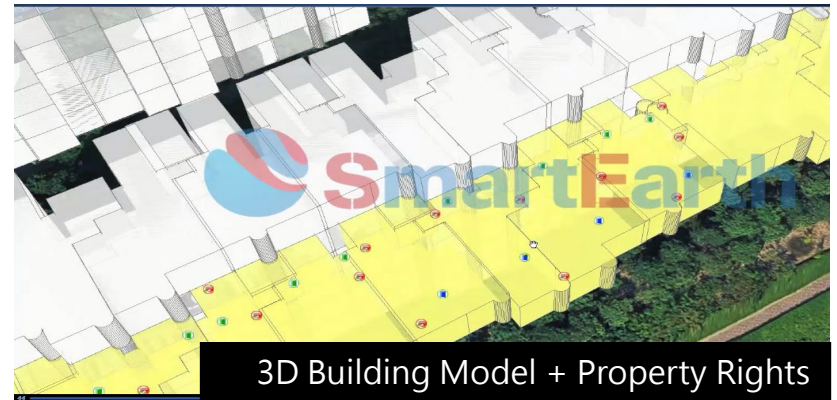
3D Property Rights Entity



3D Planning and Control Entity



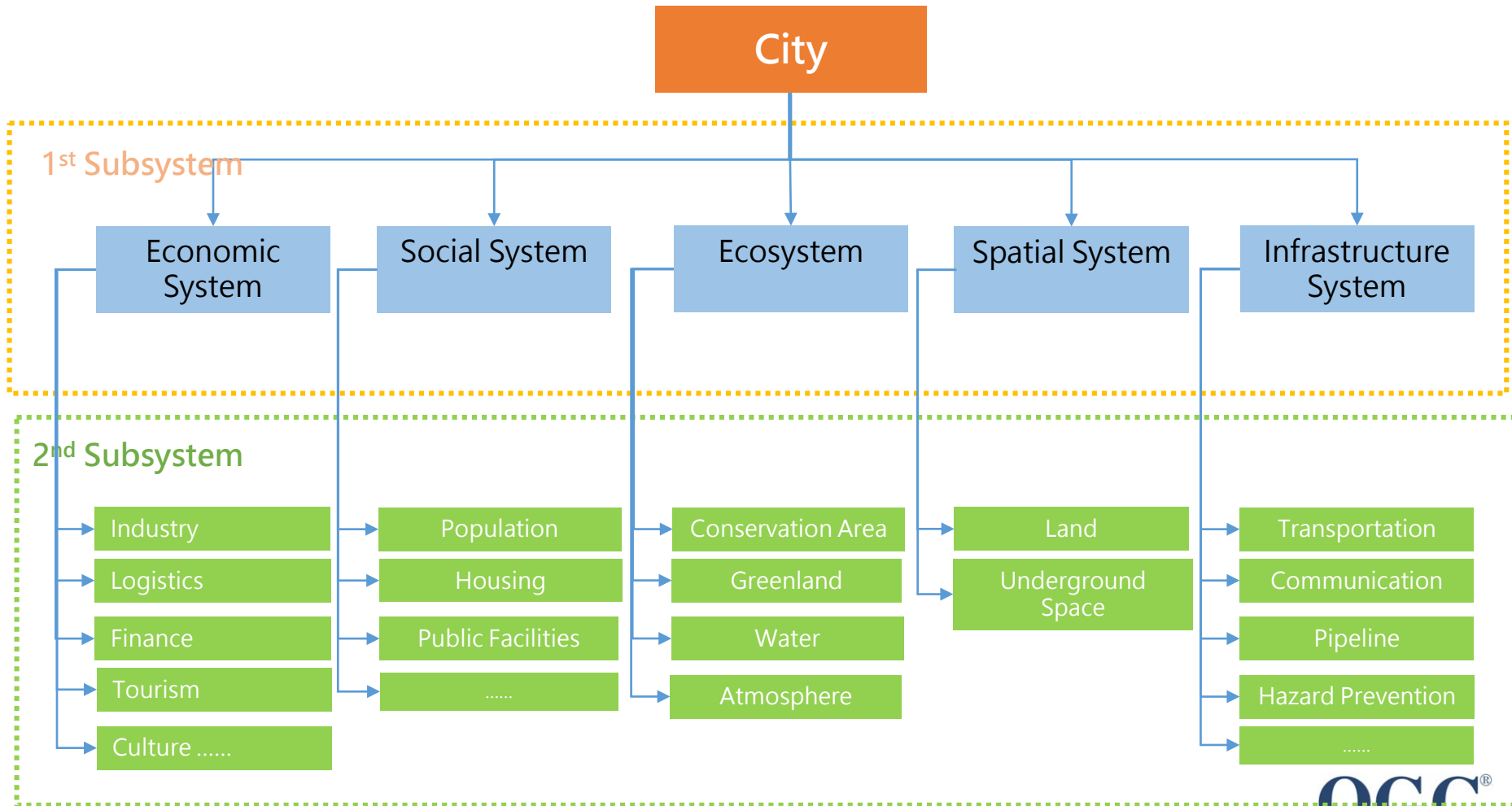
3D Building Model



3D Building Model + Property Rights

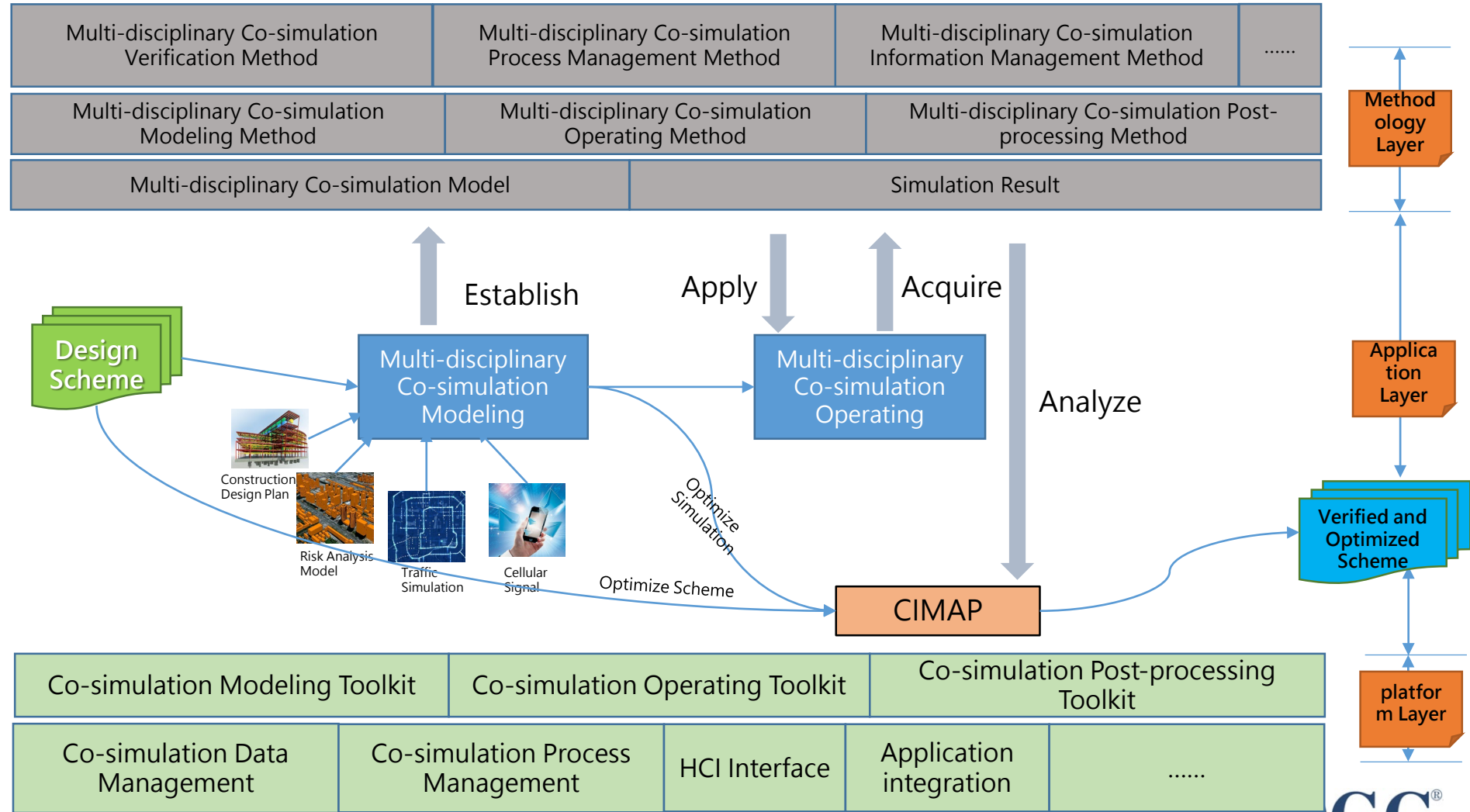


# Theory, Methodology and Application Model of Urban Construction



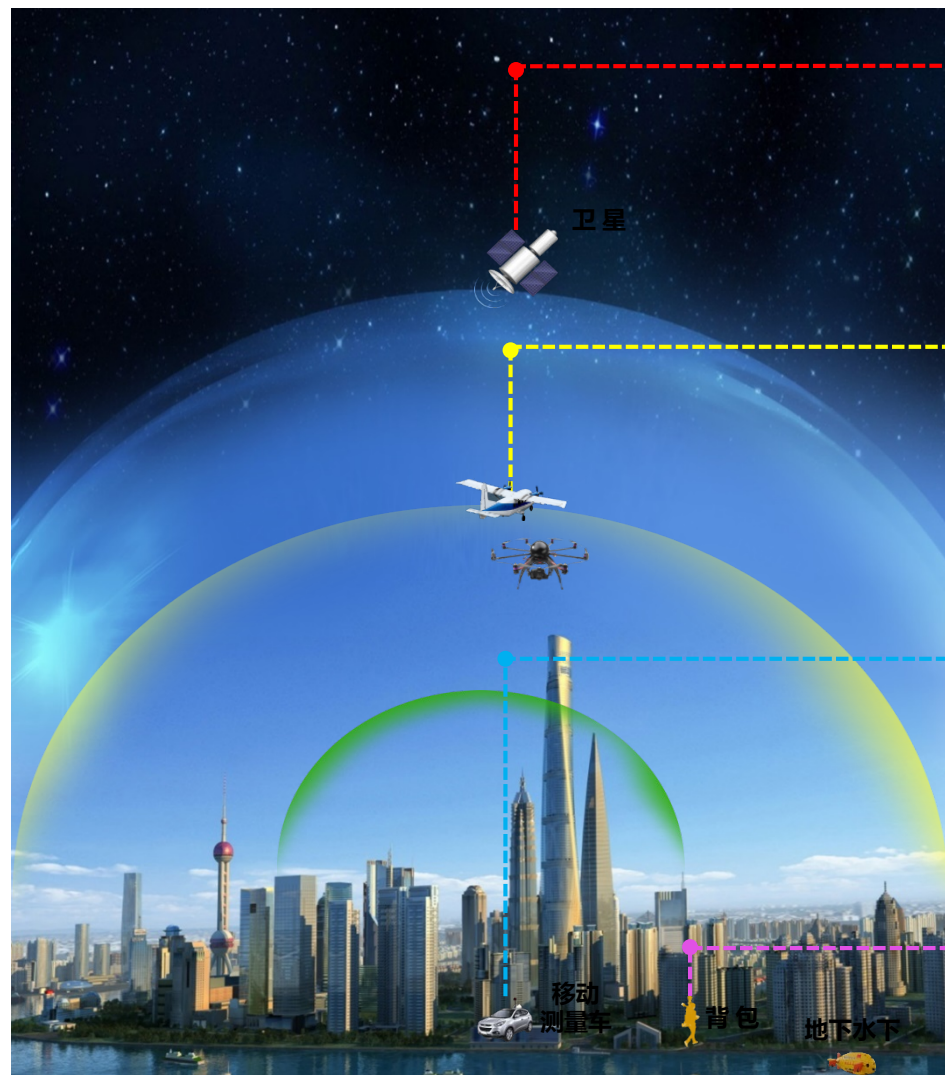


# Theory, Methodology and Application Model of Urban Construction

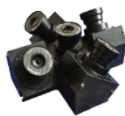




# How to get Semantic Data?



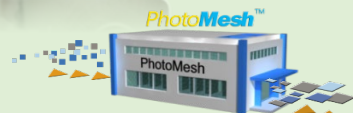
Oblique  
Cameras



Computer Vision



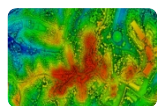
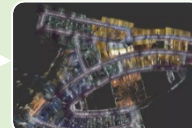
3D Reconstruction



Robotics



3D SLAM



LIDAR

Semantics (Features  
information)

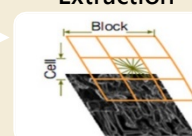


CityGML

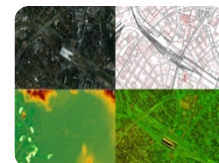


AI

Feature  
Extraction



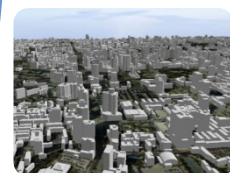
4D



Mesh



CIM





# How to get Semantic Data?

Computer Vision



3D Reconstruction



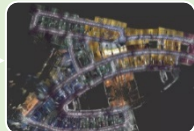
PhotoMesh™



Robotics



3D SLAM



Semantics (Features information)



CityGML

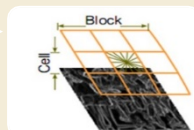


CIMGenerator



Feature Extraction

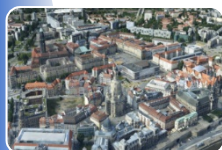
AI



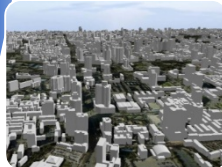
4D



Mesh



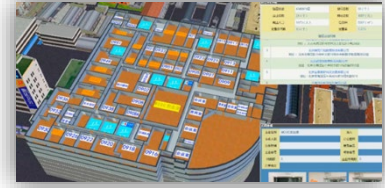
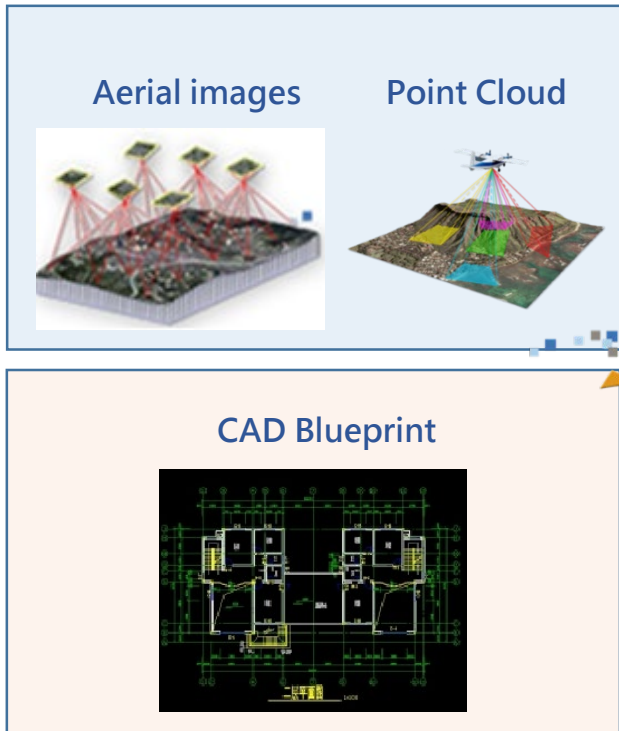
CIM







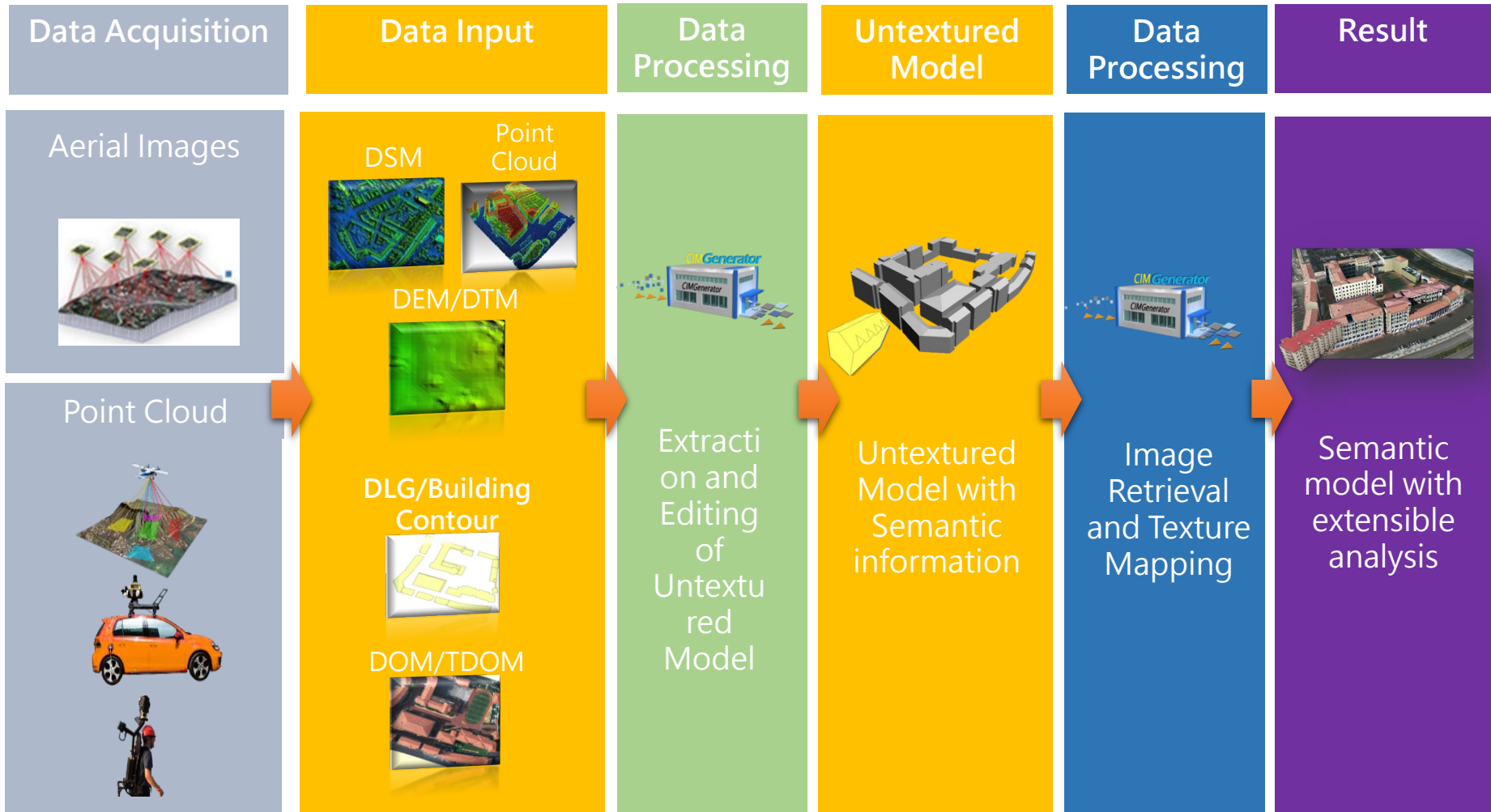
# Pipeline



- Automatic generation of urban information model base on the data from laser scanning and oblique photogrammetry
- Creation classified fine models via texture mapping
- Generation of indoor and outdoor models using existing BIM data and CAD blueprint



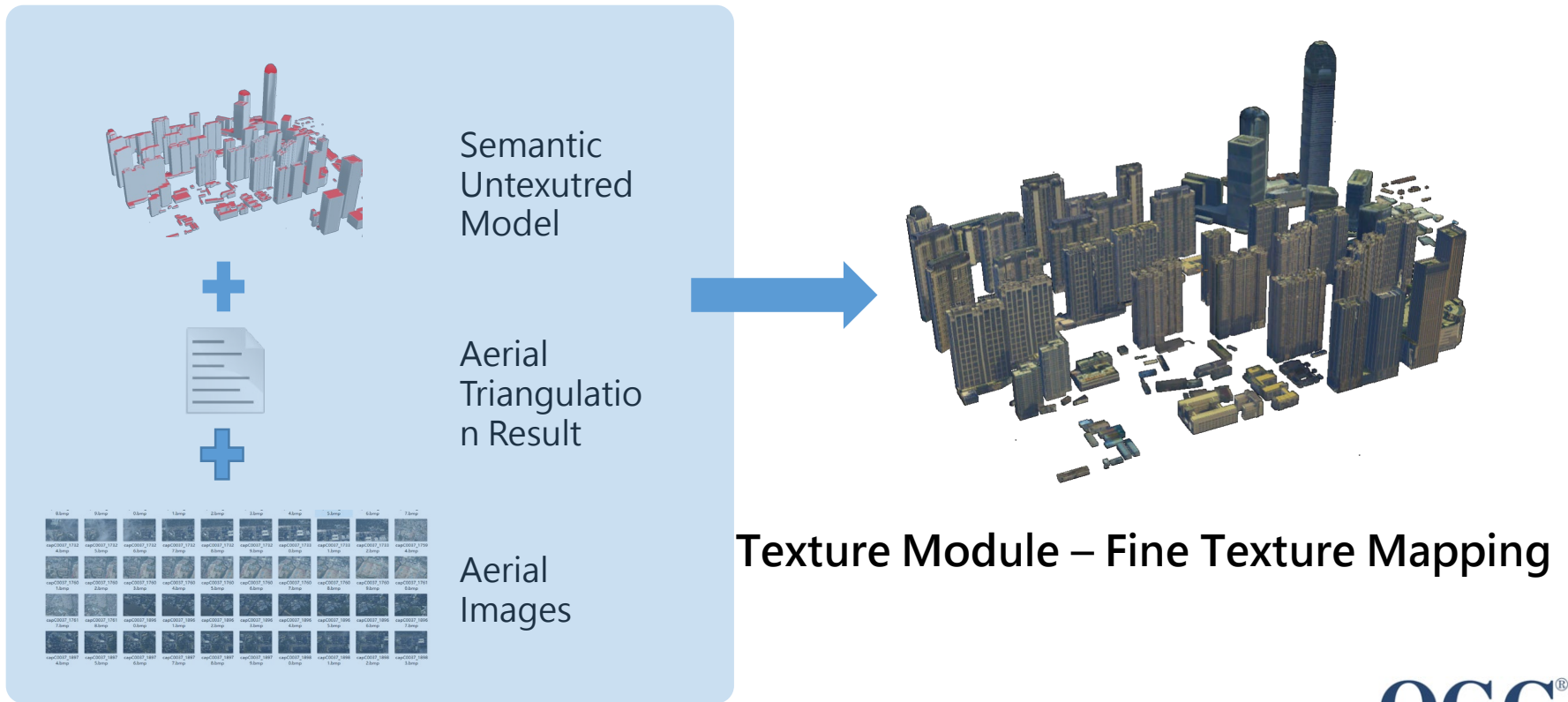
# Workflow of CIM Generator





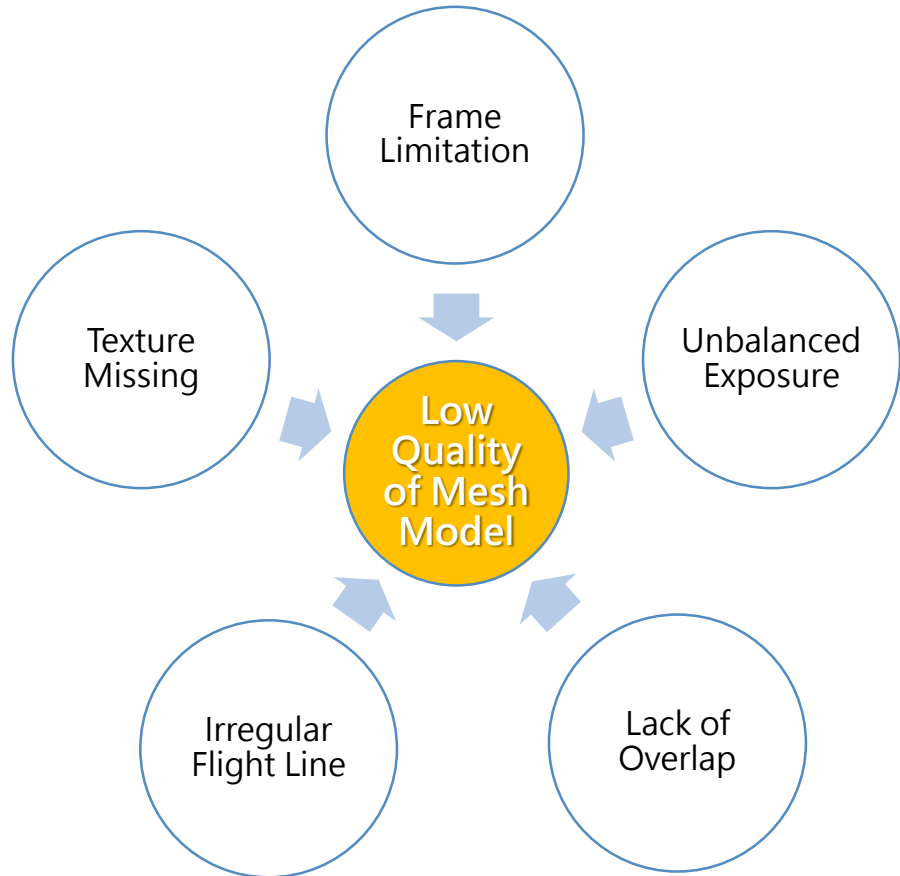
# Texture Module

3DSHP, aerial triangulation result and aerial images as input, Texture Module enables fully automatic texture mapping.





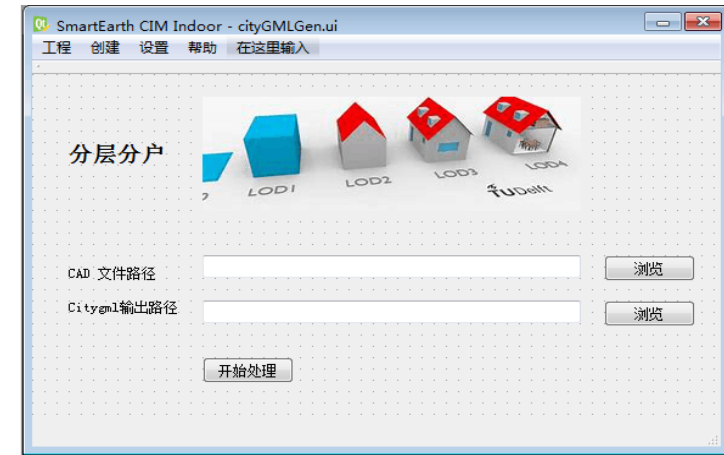
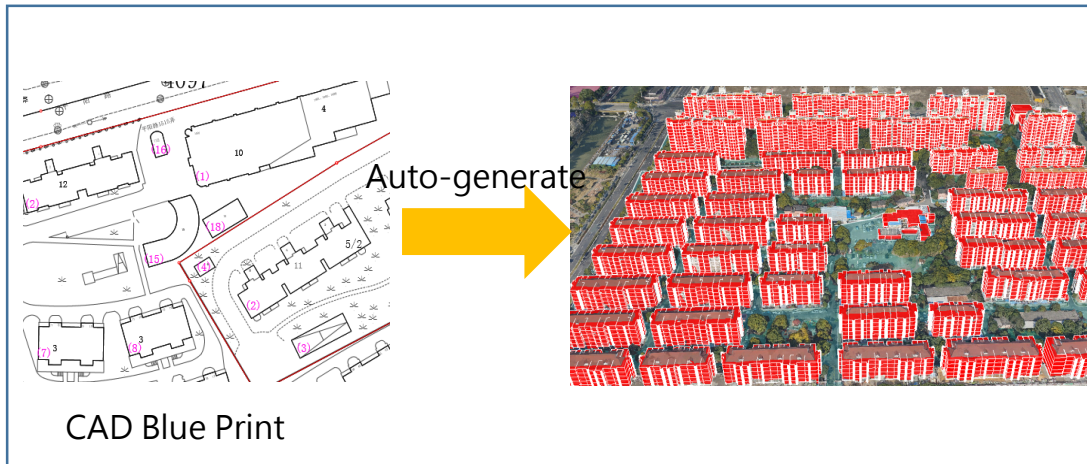
# Texture - Support fine modeling base on the oblique photogrammetry data





# CIM Indoor Module

Based on the widely used CAD floor plans, we can generate the urban building models with LoD 4, and save them in semantic model format.



**Indoor Module – Automatic Building Model Generation And Classification**



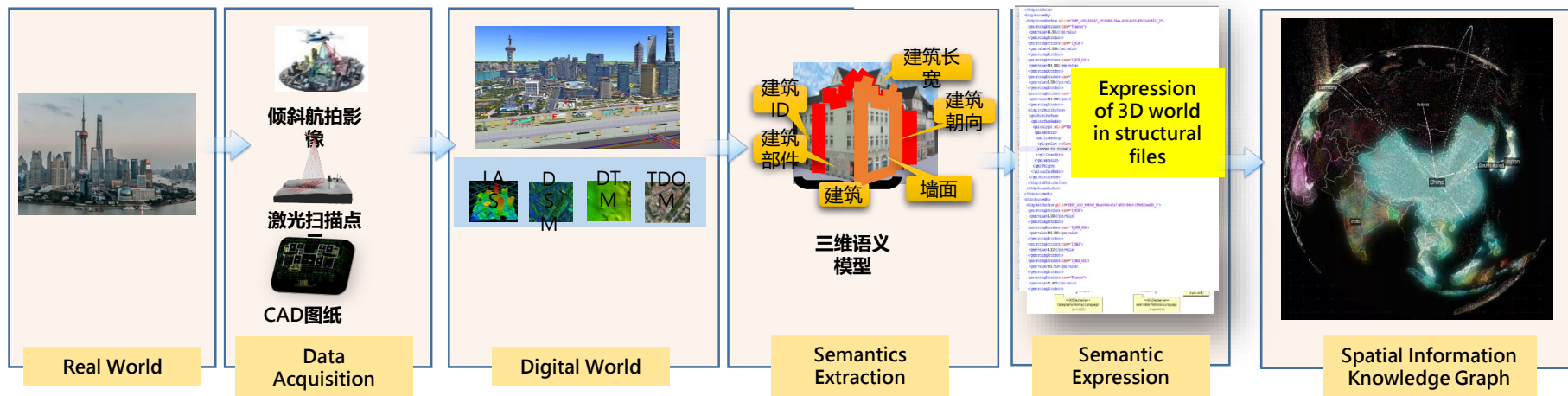
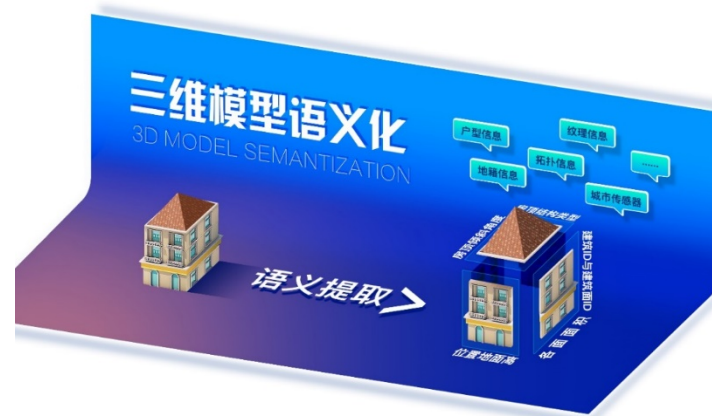
# Intelligent Data and Spatio-temporal Knowledge Graph

## Semantization

Machine-Understandable

Multi-source/Heterogeneity/Multi-modal Integration

Spatial Information Knowledge Graph

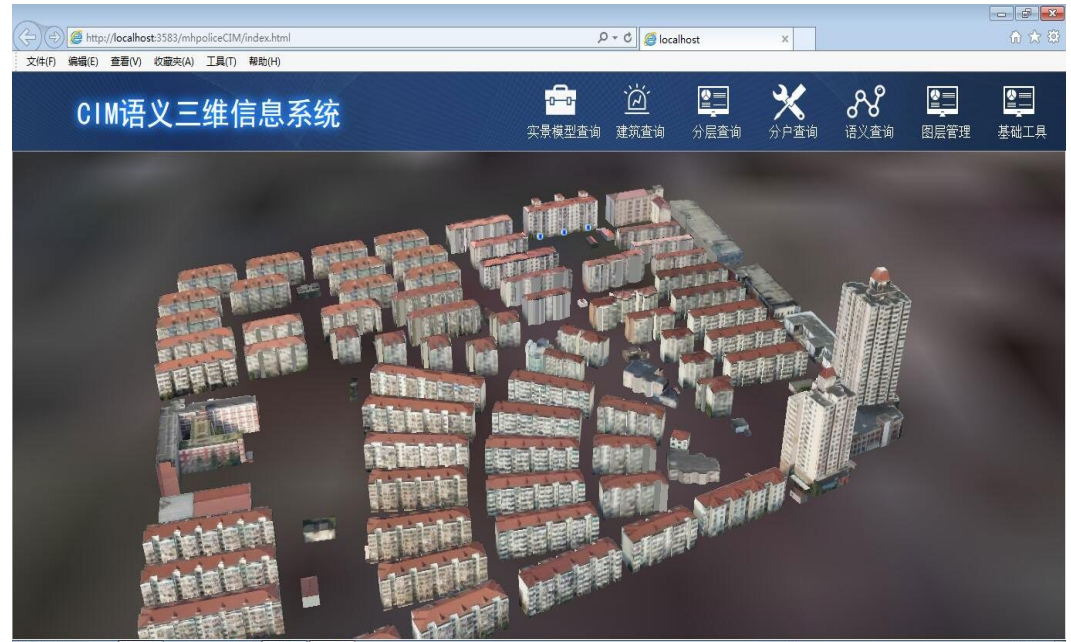
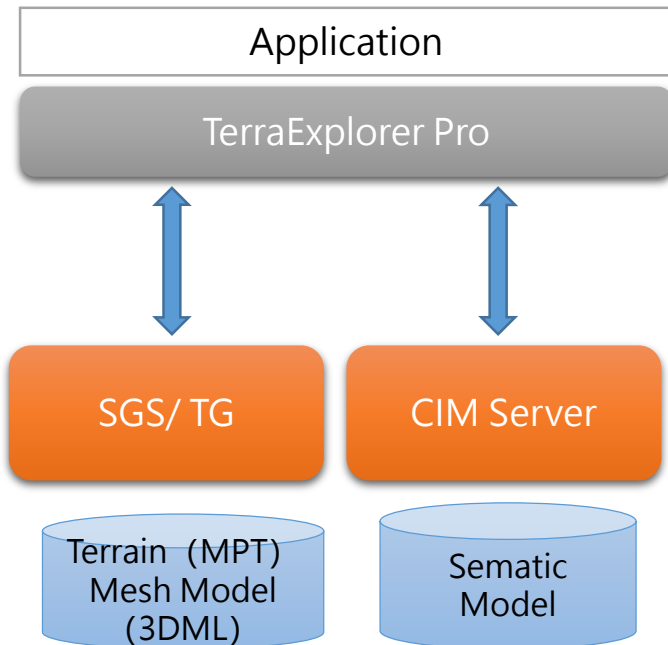




# CIM Server Data Publish

## Professional Application Development:

SGS + TE Pro+ CIM Server

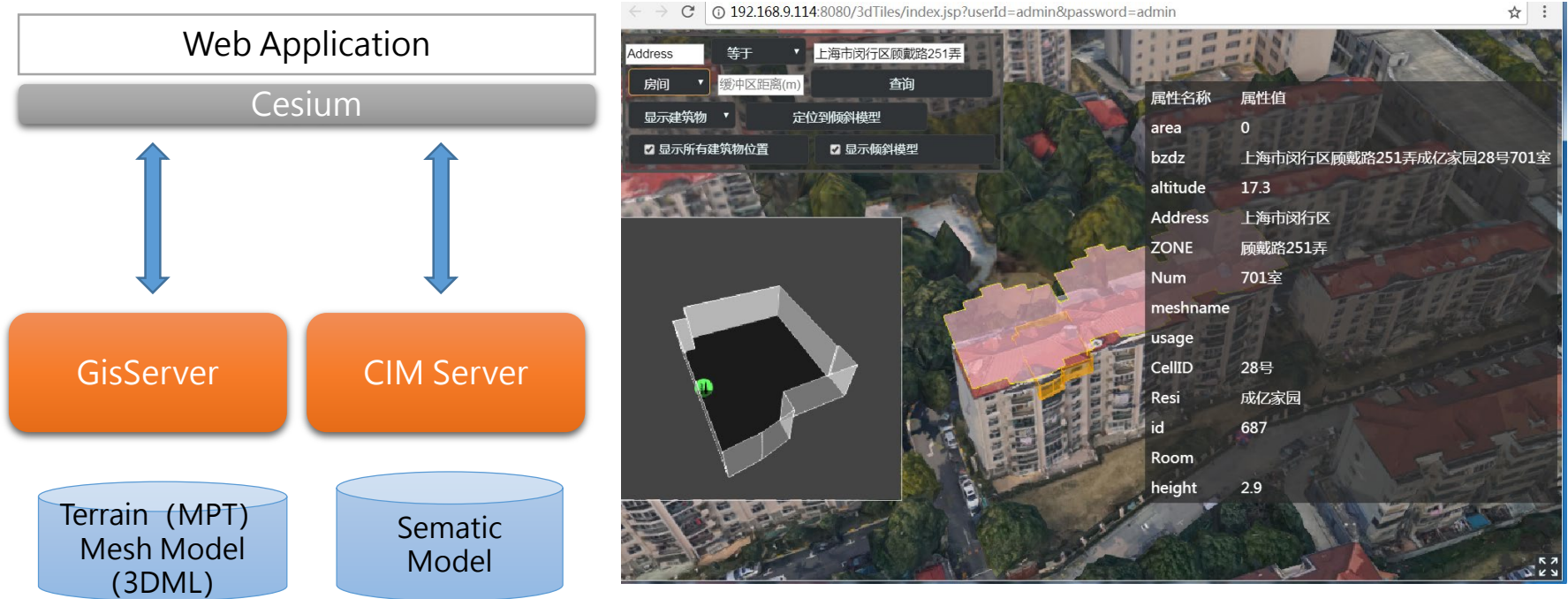




# CIM Server Data Publish

## Light-weighted Application Development:

SE GISServer + CIM Server









# Issues

- The most asked question from customer:
- What is the point to add Semantics to Data?
- What is ROI of adding Semantic information to geospatial data?
- How can we link Semantic Model to Knowledge Graph or AI technology? Is there reference design or implementation?
- Can we have a use case collection of adopting Semantic in Smart City Application?